

This unfilled polyphenylene sulfide based material is ideal for structural applications in corrosive environments or as a PEEK replacement at less demanding temperatures. Very good dimensional stability (minimal moisture absorption and a low coefficient of linear thermal expansion), combined with easy machinability to close tolerances, make Techtron 1000 PPS very well suited for precise tolerance machined components. This material is generally not used for wear applications

			100*			AOTAK	
		ISO*		ASTM*			
		Test methods	Units	Values	Test methods	Units	Values
	Melting temperature (DSC, 10°C (50°F) / min)	ISO 11357-1/-3	°C	280	ASTM D3418	°F	540
	Glass transition temperature (DSC, 20°C (68°F) / min) (2)	ISO 11357-1/-2	°C	-	ASTM D3418	°F	-
Properties (1)	Thermal conductivity at 23°C (73°F)	-	W/(K.m)	0.30	-	BTU in./(hr.ft ² .°F)	2,00
	Coefficient of linear thermal expansion				ASTM E-831 (TMA)	in./in./°F	2,8,E-05
	(-40 to 150 °C) (-40 to 300°F) Coefficient of linear thermal expansion				` '		
	(23 to 150°C) (73°F to 300°F)	-	m/(m.K)	60 x 10-6			
Pro	Coefficient of linear thermal expansion (> 150°C) (> 300°F)		m/(m.K)	145 x 10-6			
Thermal	Heat Deflection Temperature: method A: 1.8 MPa (264 PSI)	ISO 75-1/-2	°C	115	ASTM D648	°F	250
ner	Continuous allowable service temperature in air (20.000 hrs) (3)	-	°C	220	-	°F	425
	Min. service temperature (4)		°C	-30			
	Flammability: UL 94 (3 mm (1/8 in.)) (5)		_	V-0		-	V-0
	Flammability: Oxygen Index	ISO 4589-1/-2	%	44			
	1 11				(V/ ~		
	Tensile stress at yield / tensile stress at break	ISO 527-1/-2 (7)	MPa	102 / -			
	Tensile strength	ISO 527-1/-2 (7)	MPa	102	ASTM D638 (8)	PSI	13.500
	Tensile strain (elongation) at yield	ISO 527-1/-2 (7)	%	12			
	Tensile strain (elongation) at break	ISO 527-1/-2 (7)	%	12	ASTM D638 (8)	%	15
9	Tensile modulus of elasticity	ISO 527-1/-2 (9)	MPa	4000	ASTM D638 (8)	PSI	500.000
EES	Shear Strength				ASTM D732	PSI	9.000
<u> </u>	Compressive stress at 1 / 2 / 5 % nominal strain	ISO 604 (10)	MPa	39 / 77 / 122			
Mechanical Properties	Compressive stress at 10% nominal strain				ASTM D695 (11)	PSI	21.500
	Charpy impact strength - unnotched	ISO 179-1/1eU	kJ/m²	no break			
	Charpy impact strength - notched	ISO 179-1/1eA	kJ/m²	2			
	Izod Impact notched				ASTM D256	ft.lb./in	0,6
չ	Flexural strength	ISO 178 (12)	MPa	155	ASTM D790 (13)	PSI	21.000
	Flexural modulus of elasticity				ASTM D790	PSI	575.000
	Ball indentation hardness (14)	ISO 2039-1	N/mm²	205			
	Rockwell hardness (14)	ISO 2039-2	-	M 100	ASTM D785	-	M 100
	Shore hardness D (14)	ISO 868	-	84	ASTM D2240	-	85
	Electric strength	IEC 60243-1 (15)	kV/mm	18	ASTM D149	Volts/mil	540
es	Volume resistivity	IEC 60093	Ohm.cm	> 10 14	IEC 60093	Ohm.cm	> 10 14
Electrical Properties	Surface resistivity	ANSI/ESD STM 11.11	Ohm/sq.	> 10 13	ANSI/ESD STM 11.11	Ohm/sq.	> 10 13
Properties	Dielectric constant at 1 MHz	IEC 60250		3.0	ASTM D150		3
- ц	Dissipation factor at 1 MHz	IEC 60250	-	0.002	ASTM D150	-	0,0013
		/					,
	Colour	-	-	natural [cream]	-	-	natural [cream
	Density	ISO 1183-1	g/cm³	1.35			
	Specific Gravity				ASTM D792	-	1,35
	Water absorption after 24h immersion in water of 23°C (73°F)	ISO 62 (16)	%	0,01	ASTM D570 (17)	%	0,01
Ď D	Water absorption at saturation in air of 23 °C (73°F) / 50 % RH	-	%	0.03			
Miscellaneous	Water absorption at saturation in water of 23 °C (73°F)	-	%	0.10	ASTM D570 (17)	%	-
	Wear rate	ISO 7148-2:1999 (18)	μm/km	70	QTM 55010 (19)	In ³ .min/ft.lbs.hr	2,4,E-07
	Dynamic Coefficient of Friction (-)	ISO 7148-2:1999 (18)	-	0.4-0.6	QTM 55007 (20)	-	0,40
	Limiting PV at 100 FPM (safety factor 4)				QTM 55007 (21)	ft.lbs/in ² .min	3.000
	Limiting PV at 0.1 / 1 m/s cylindrical sleeve bearings (safety factor 4)	-	Mpa.m/s	-	(= 1,	23	
	Chemical Resistance	http://www.quadrantpla			http://www.quadrantp		
	Charles Additional Control	resistan	ce-informati	on.html NYP: there is no yield point	resista	ance-information.html	NYP: there is no yield po

* This table, mainly to be used for comparison purposes, is a valuable help in the choice of a material. The data listed here fall within the normal range of product properties of dry material. However, they are not guaranteed and they should not be used to establish material specification limits nor used alone as the basis of design. See the remaining notes on the next page.

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Quadrant Engineering Plastic Products

Note: 1 g/cm³ = 1,000 kg/m³ ; 1 MPa = 1 N/mm² ; 1 kV/mm = 1 MV/m

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NOTES, SEE DATASHEET ON PAGE 1

- -1 The figures given for these properties are for the most part derived from raw material supplier data and other publications
- -2 Values for this property are only given here for amorphous materials and for materials that do not show a melting temperature (PBI & PI).
- Temperature resistance over a period of min. 20,000 hours. After this period of time, there is a decrease in tensile strength measured at 23 °C of about 50 % as compared with the original value. The temperature value given here is thus based on the 3 thermal-oxidative degradation which takes place and causes a reduction in properties. Note, however, that the maximum allowable service temperature depends in many cases essentially on the duration and the magnitude of the mechanical stresses to which the material is subjected.
- Impact strength decreasing with decreasing temperature, the minimum allowable service temperature is practically mainly determined by the extent to which the material is subjected to impact. The value given here is based on unfavourable impact conditions and may consequently not be considered as being the absolute practical limit.
- -5 These estimated ratings, derived from raw material supplier data and other publications, are not intended to reflect hazards presented by the material under actual fire conditions. There is no 'UL File Number' available for Quadrant stock shapes
- -6 Most of the figures given for the mechanical properties are average values of tests run on dry test specimens machined out of rods 40-60 mm when available, else out of plate 10-20mm. All tests are done at room temperature (23° / 73°F)
- -7 Test speed: either 5 mm/min or 50 mm/min [chosen acc. to ISO 10350-1 as a function of the ductile behaviour of the material (tough or brittle)] using type 1B tensile bars
- -8 Test speed; either 0.2"/min or 2"/min or [chosen as a function of the ductile behaviour of the material (btittle or tough)] using Type 1 tensile bars
- -9 Test speed: 1 mm/min, using type 1B tensile bars
- -10 Test specimens: cylinders Ø 8 mm x 16 mm, test speed 1 mm/min
- -11 Test specimens: cylinders Ø 0.5" x 1", or square 0.5" x 1", test speed 0.05"/min
- -12 Test specimens: bars 4 mm (thickness) x 10 mm x 80 mm; test speed: 2 mm/min; span: 64 mm.
- -13 Test specimens: bars 0.25" (thickness) x 0.5" x 5"; test speed: 0.11"/min; span: 4"
- -14 Measured on 10 mm, 0.4" thick test specimens.
- -15 Electrode configuration: Ø 25 / Ø 75 mm coaxial cylinders ; in transformer oil according to IEC 60296 ; 1 mm thick test specimens
- -16 Measured on discs Ø 50 mm x 3 mm.
- -17 Measured on 1/8" thick x 2" diameter or square
- -18 Test procedure similar to Test Method A: "Pin-on-disk" as described in ISO 7148-2:1999, Load 3MPa, sliding velocity= 0,33 m/s, mating plate steel Ra= 0.7-0.9 µm, tested at 23°C, 50%RH.
- -19 Test using journal bearing system, 200 hrs, 118 ft/min, 42 PSI, steel shaft roughness 16±2 RMS micro inches with Hardness Brinell of 180-200
- -20 Test using Plastic Thrust Washer rotating against steel, 20 ft/min and 250 PSI, Stationary steel washer roughness 16±2 RMS micro inches with Rockwell C 20-24
- -21 Test using Plastic Thrust Washer rotating against steel, Step by step in crease pressure, Test ends when plastic begins to deform or if temperature increases to 300°F.

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